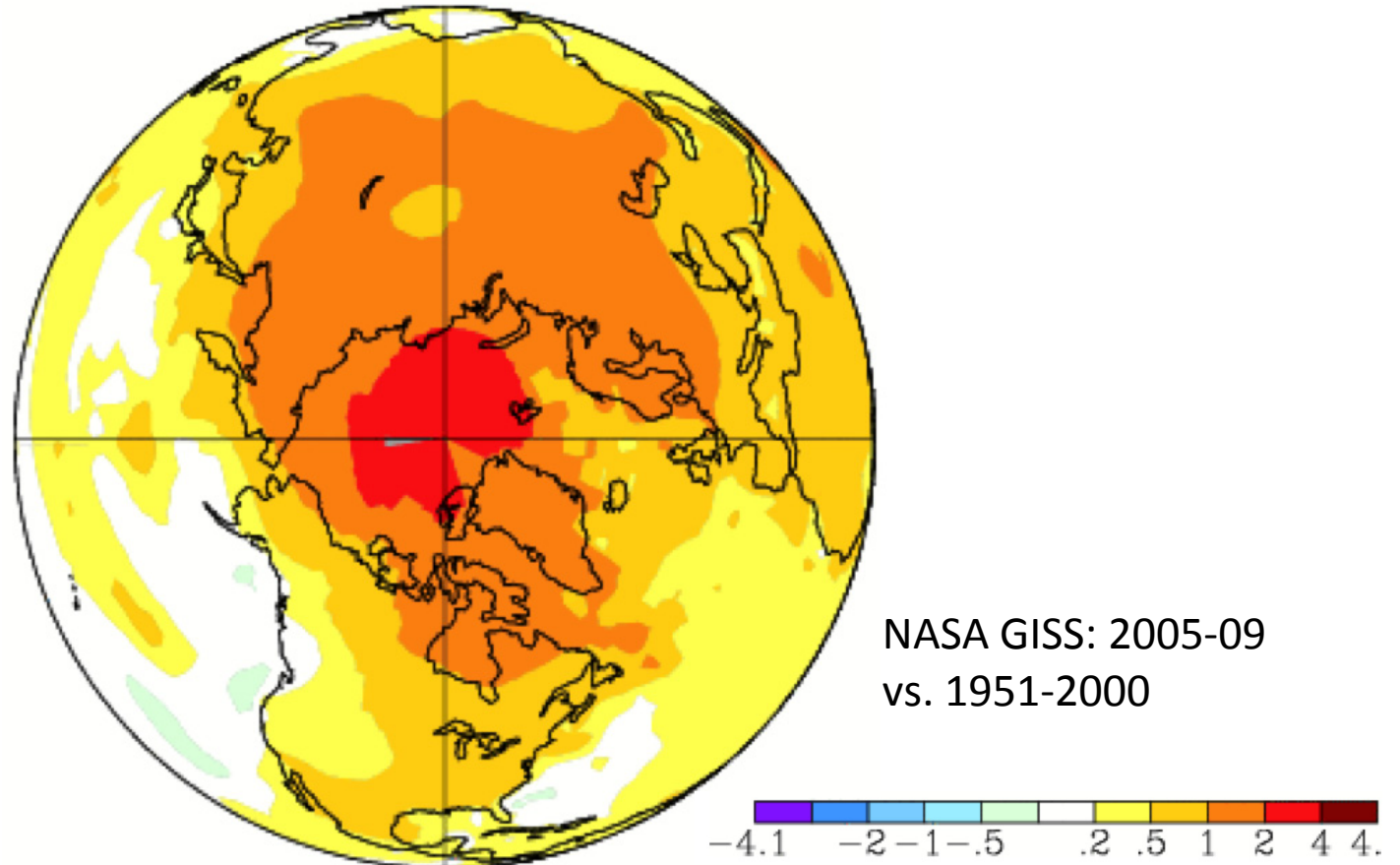


Arctic amplification

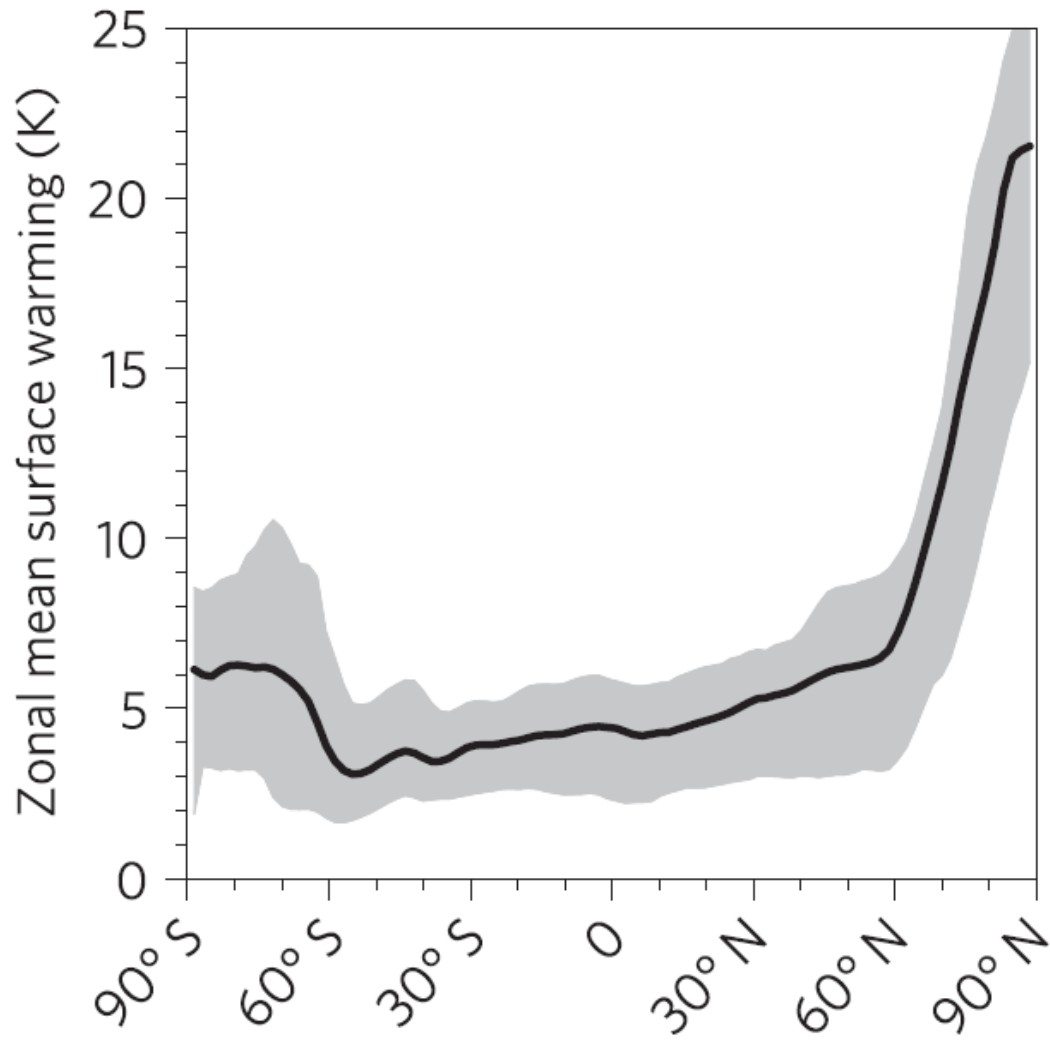


Peter L. Langen

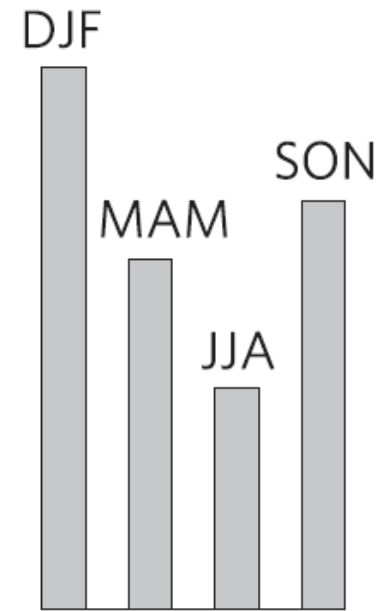
Climate and Arctic Research

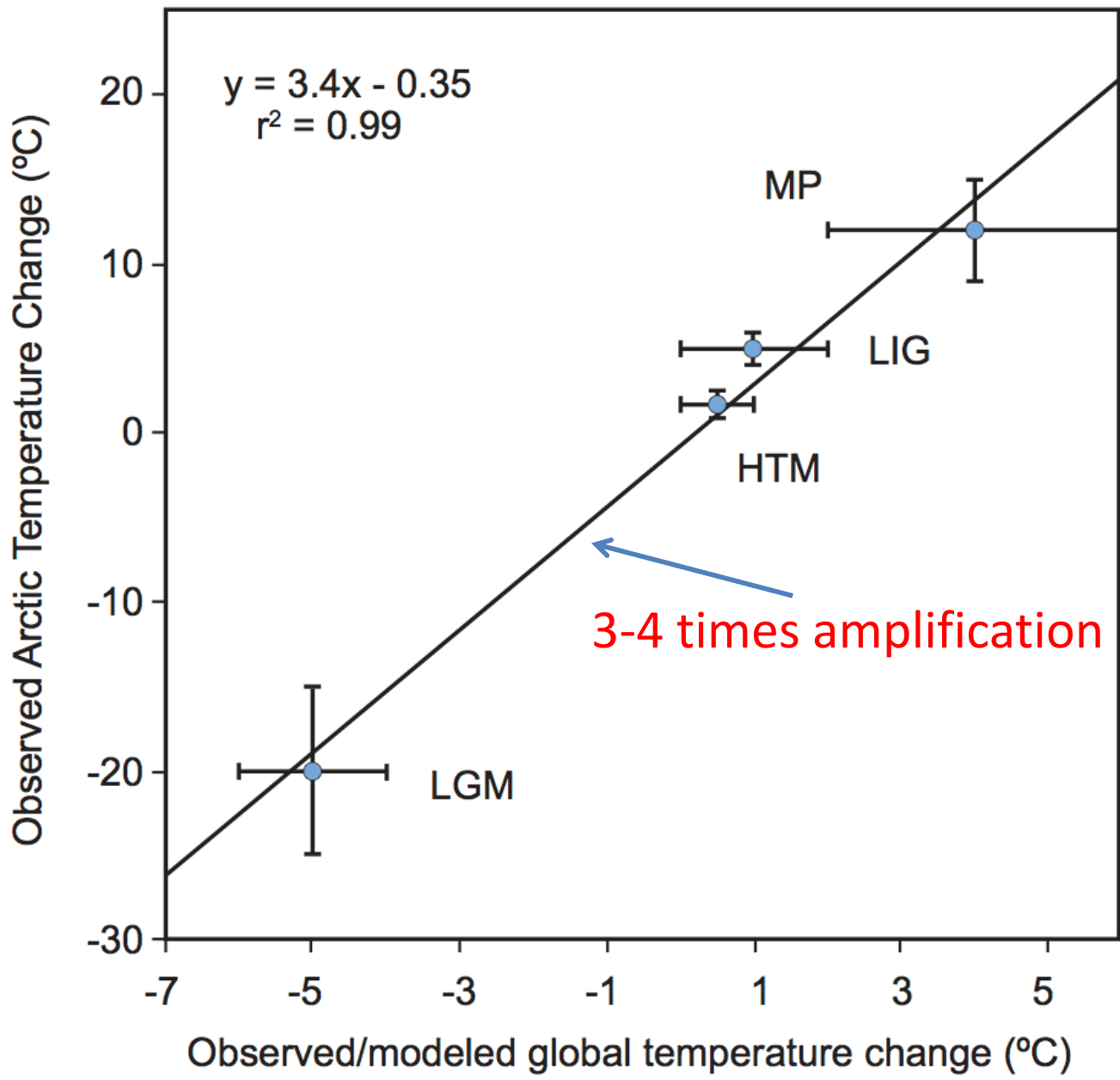
DMI

CMIP5 multi-model 4xCO2 warming



b



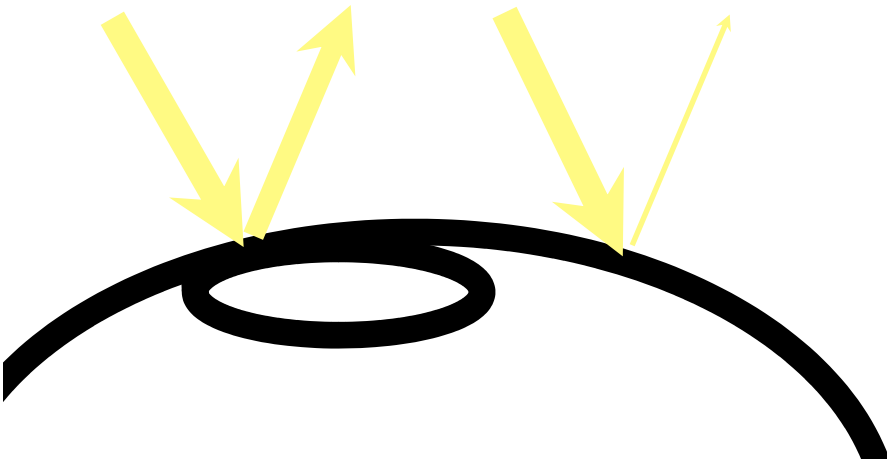


Overview

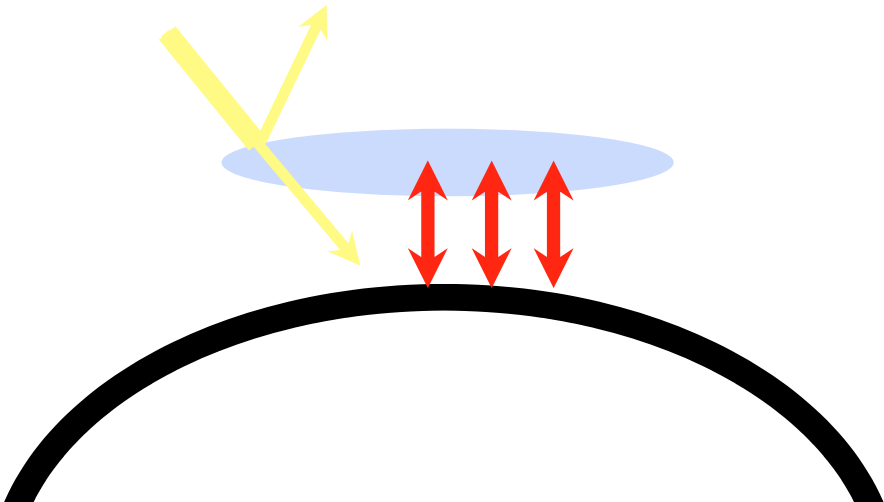
- **Mechanisms and feedbacks**
- Disentangling the relative roles of the feedbacks
- Local or remote controls on Arctic warming

Mechanisms?

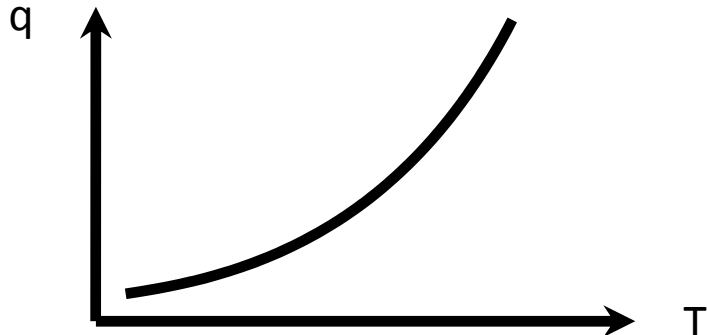
1) Surface albedo feedback



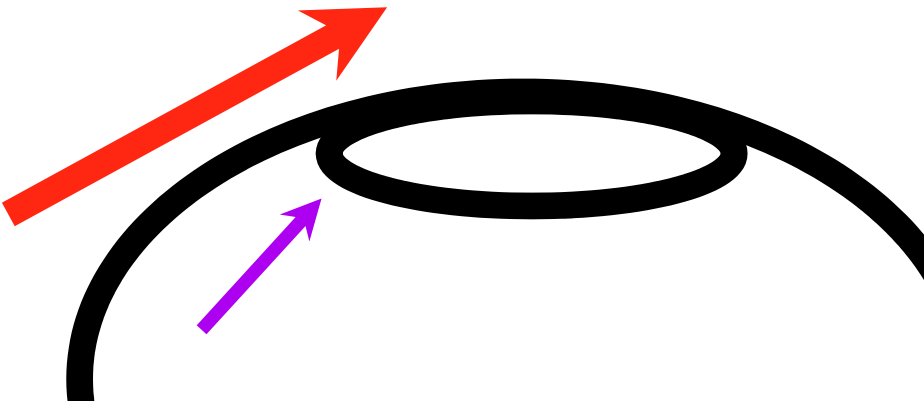
3) Cloud feedbacks



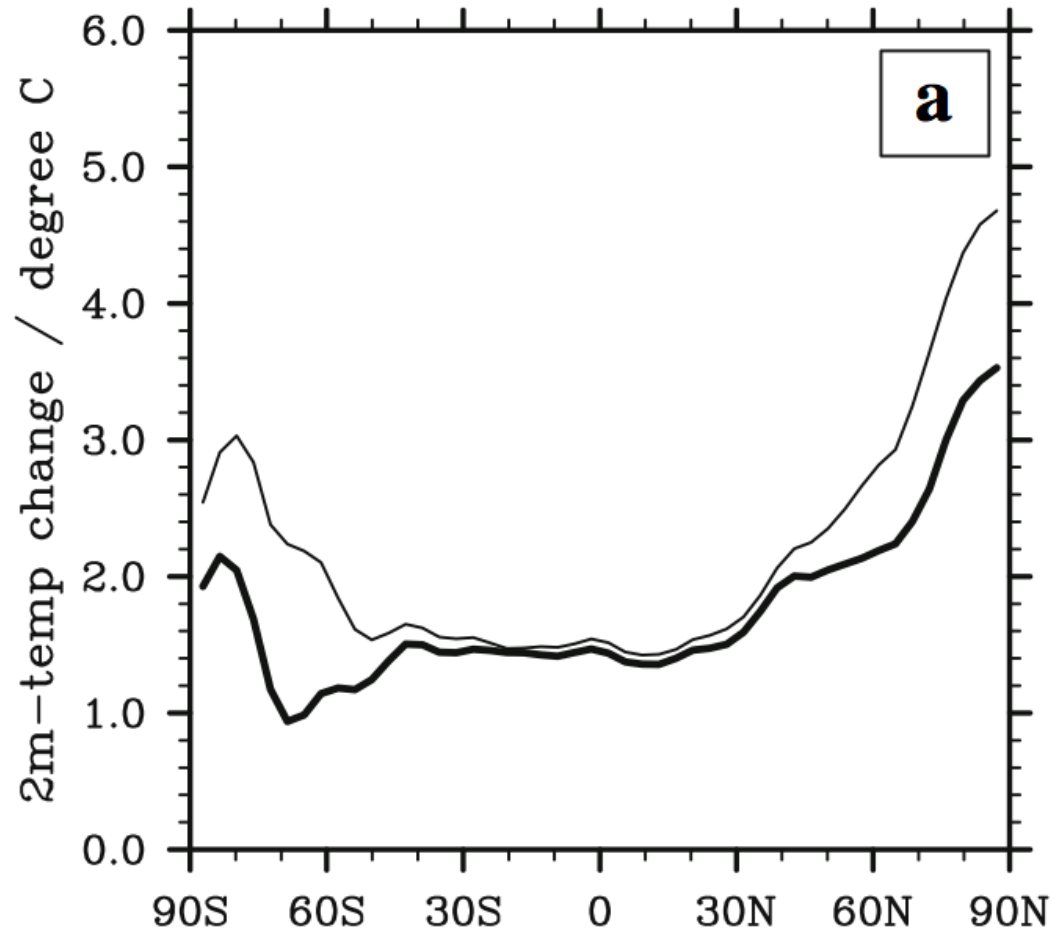
2) Water vapor feedback



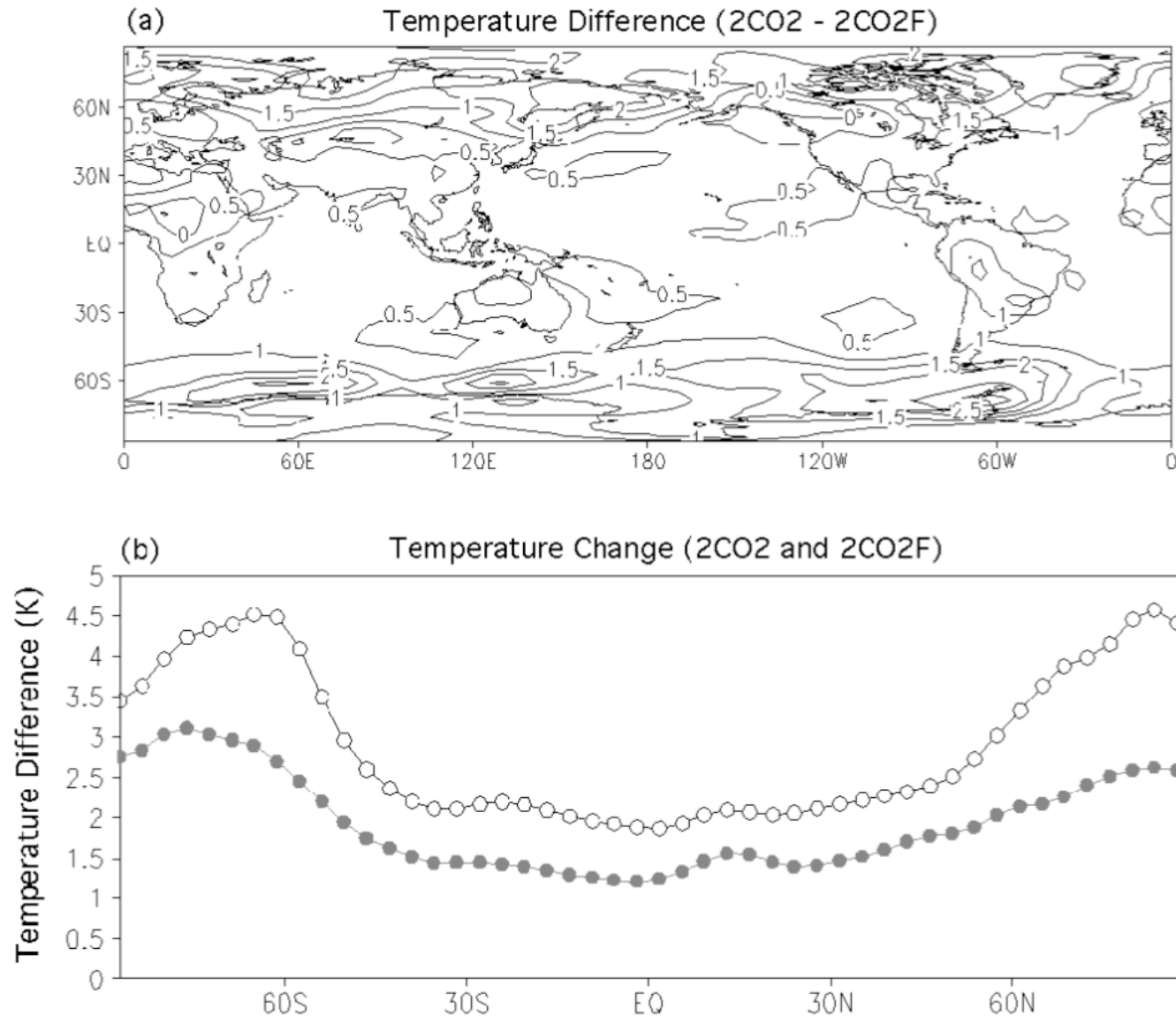
4) Circulation and lapse rate



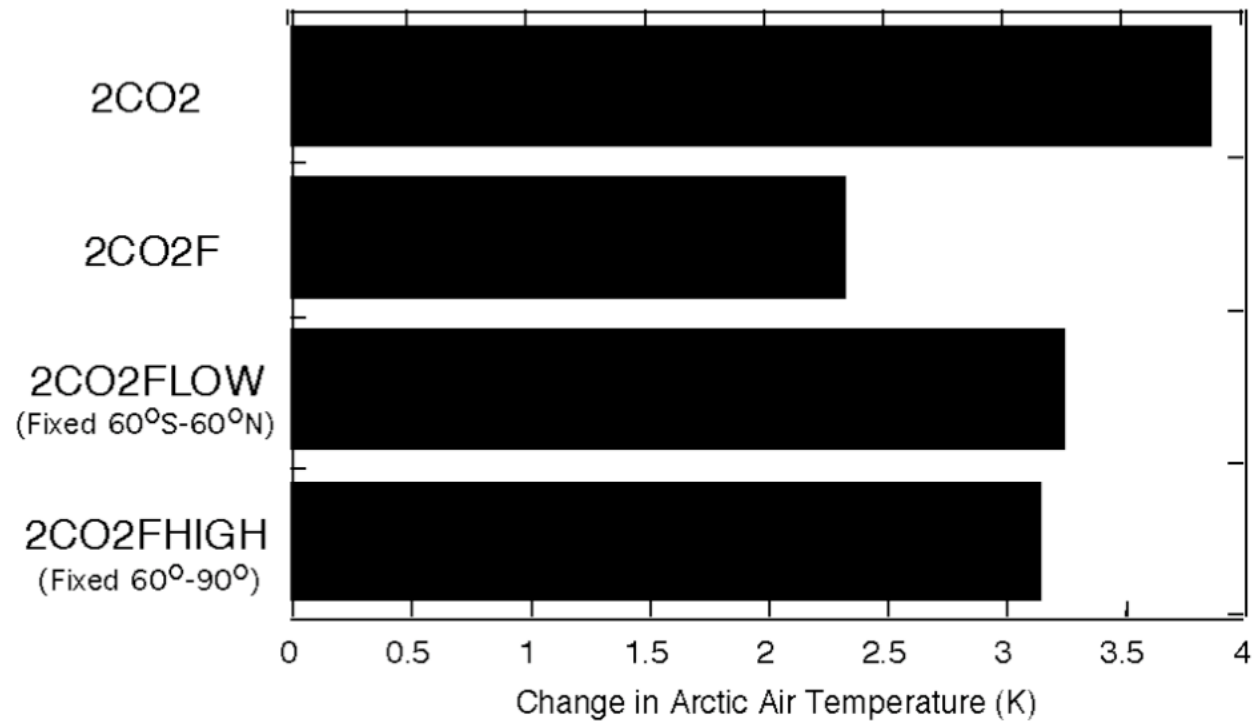
Surface albedo feedback



Cloud feedback

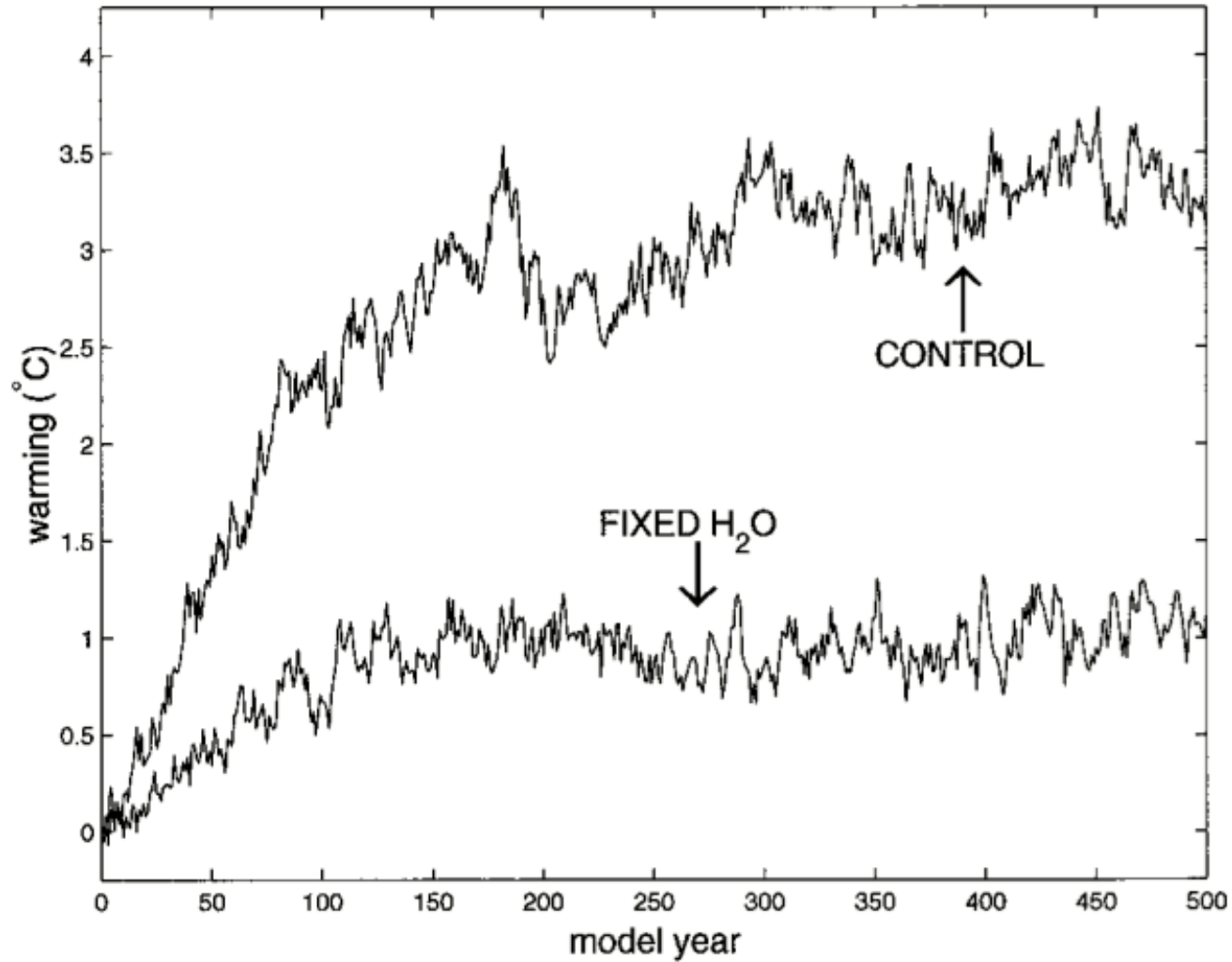


Cloud feedback

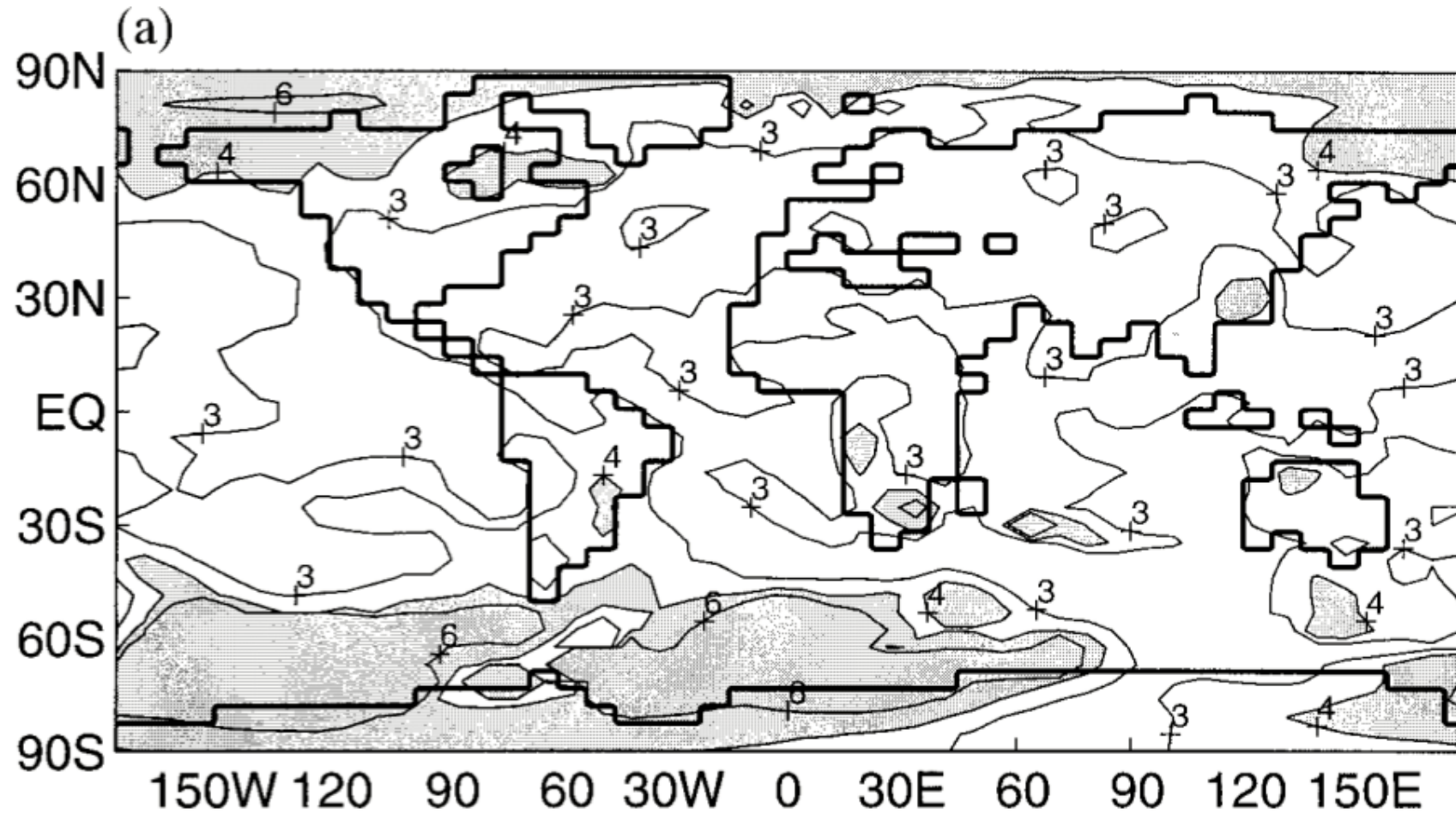


The warming due to low-latitude cloud feedback contributes to high-latitude warming!

Water vapor feedback



Water vapor feedback

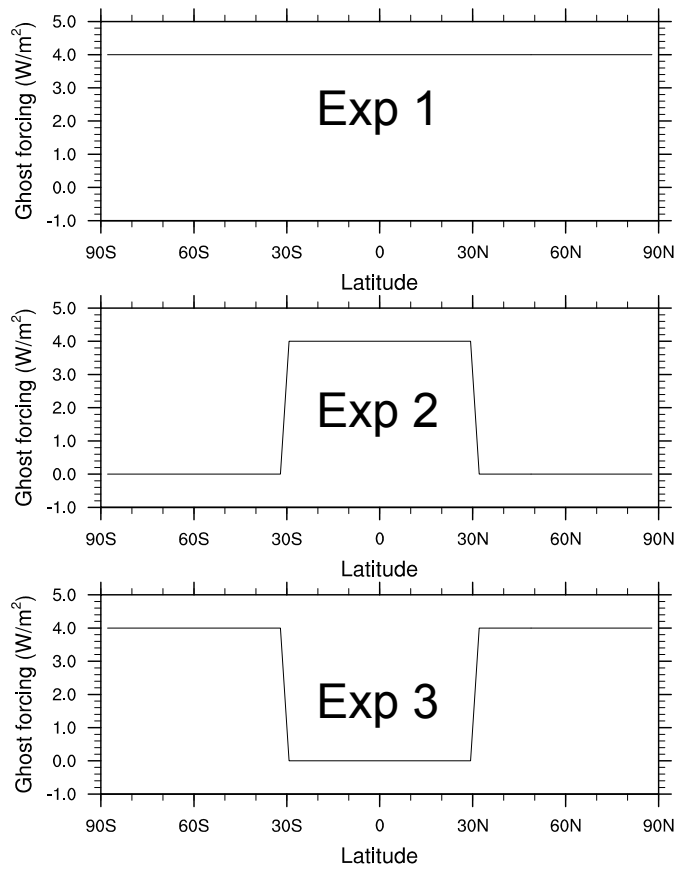




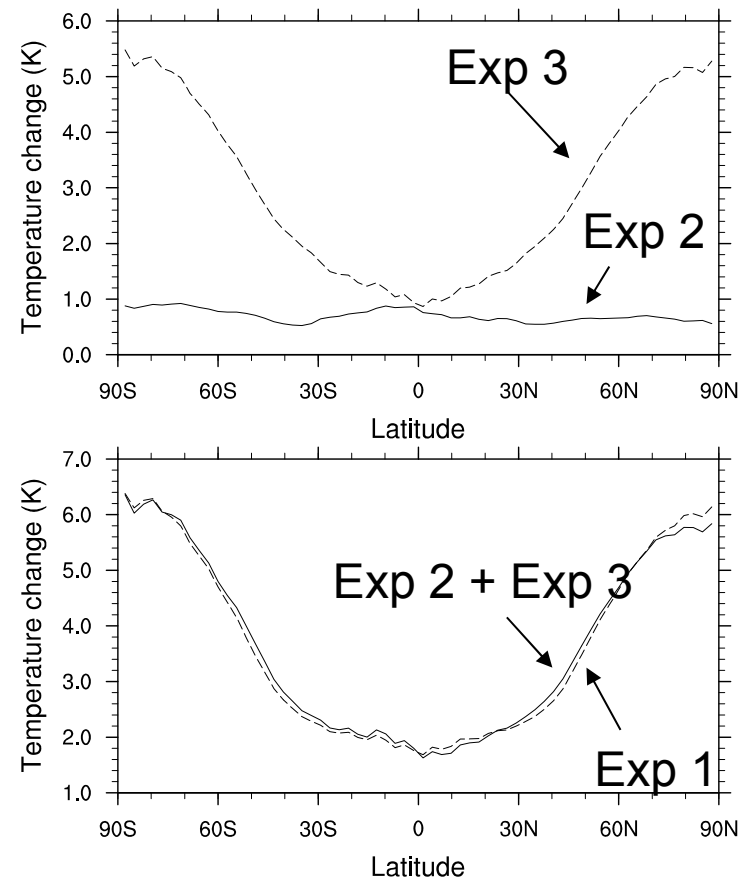
In the future, maps of the world will be fairly easy to make

Atmospheric heat transport

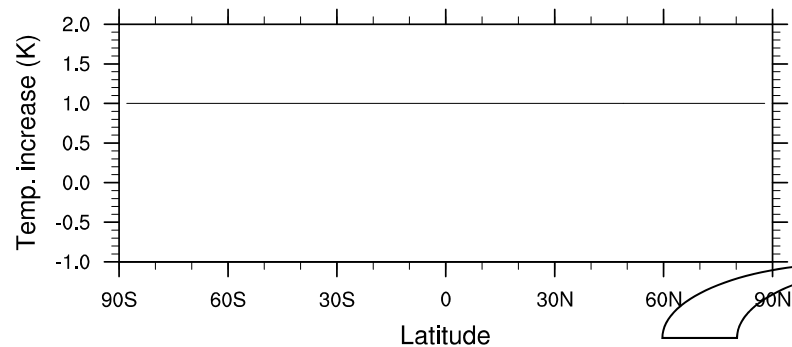
Forcing



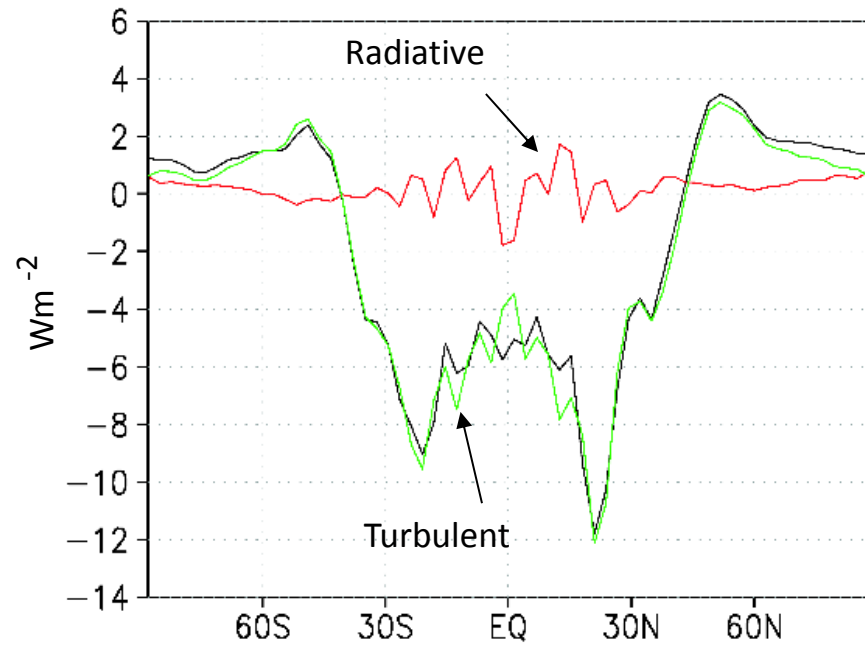
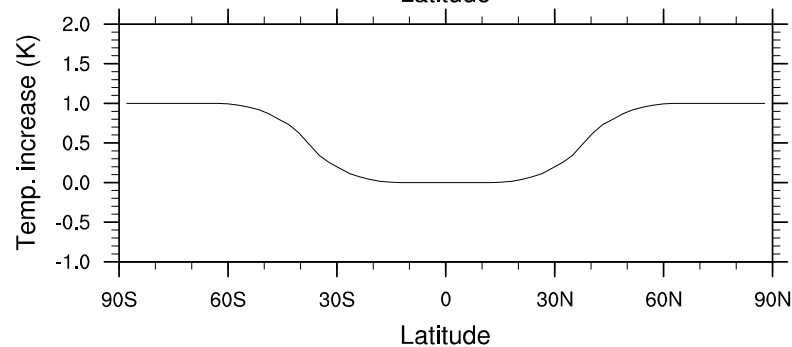
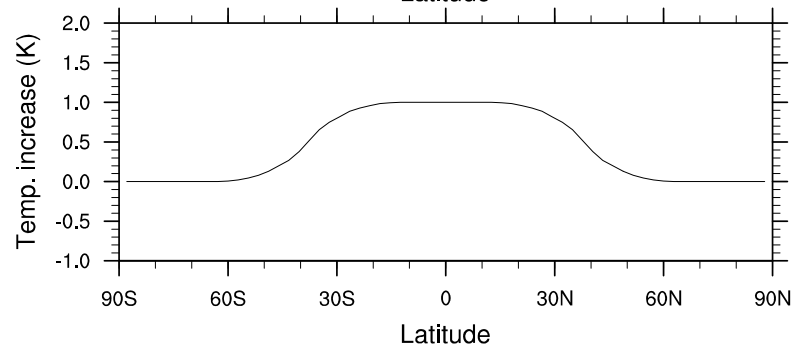
Response



Low-to-high latitude communication

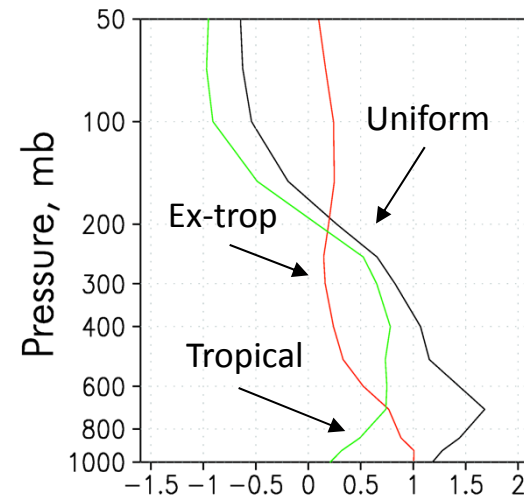
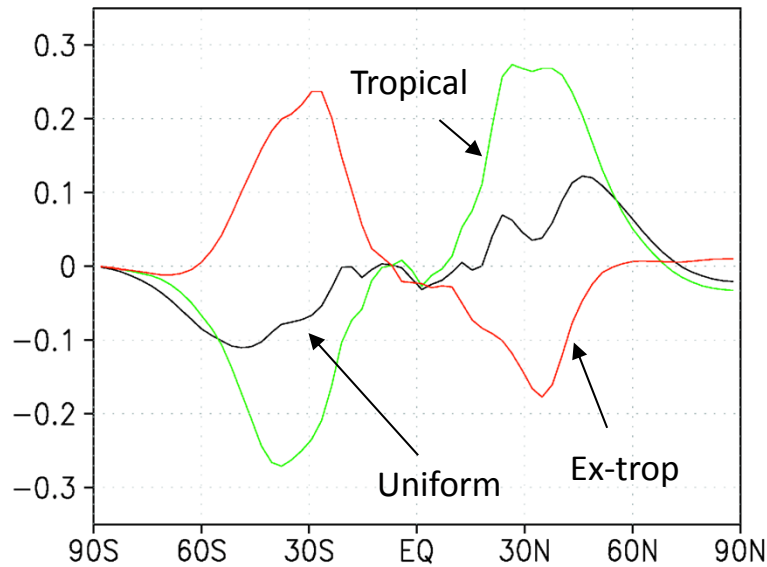


Tropical-only SST change gives positive high-latitude tendency:



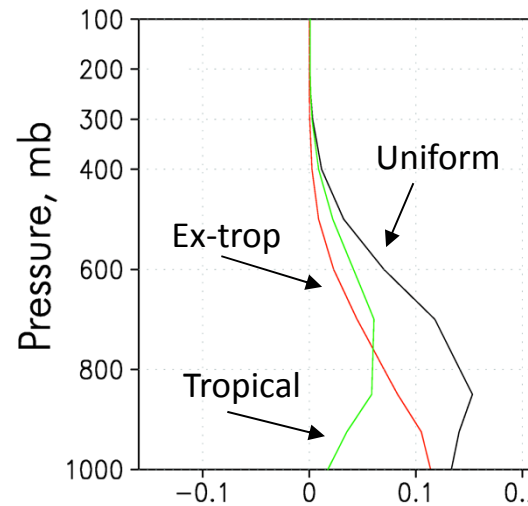
High latitude profiles of T and Q

Increased heat transport warms and moistens high-latitude troposphere



Temperature change (K)

Vertical Profiles at **80N**



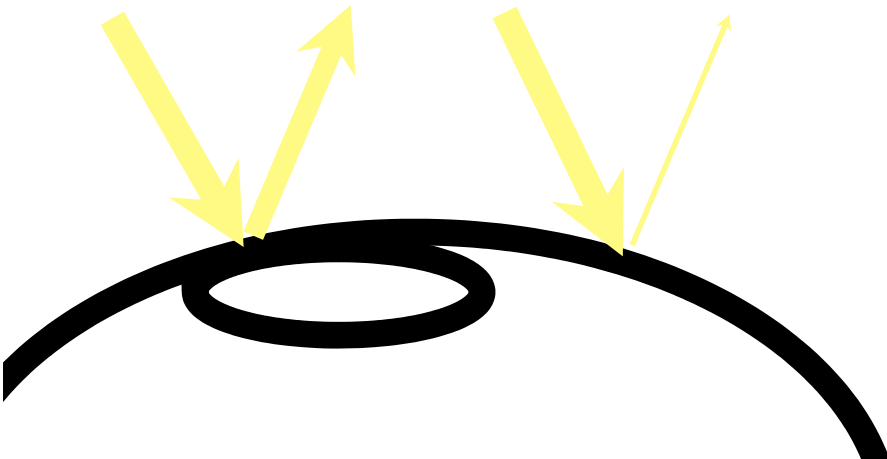
Abs. humidity change (g/kg)

Overview

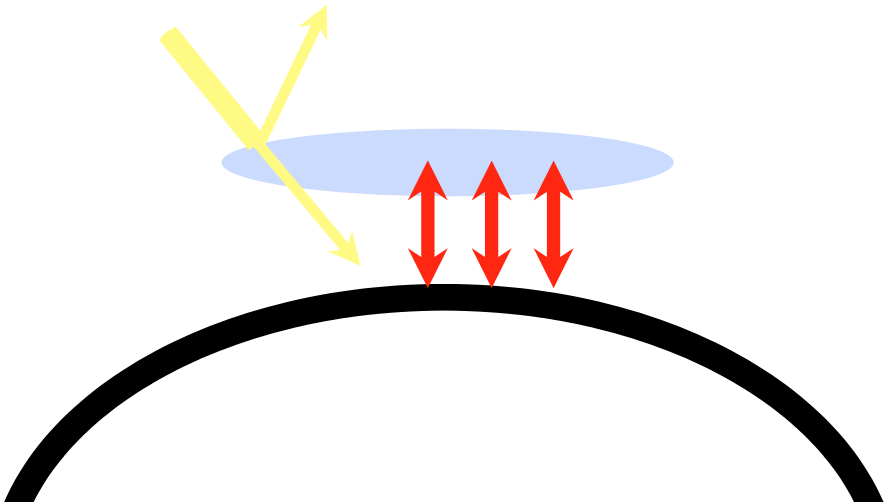
- Mechanisms and feedbacks
- **Disentangling the relative roles of the feedbacks**
- Local or remote controls on Arctic warming

Mechanisms?

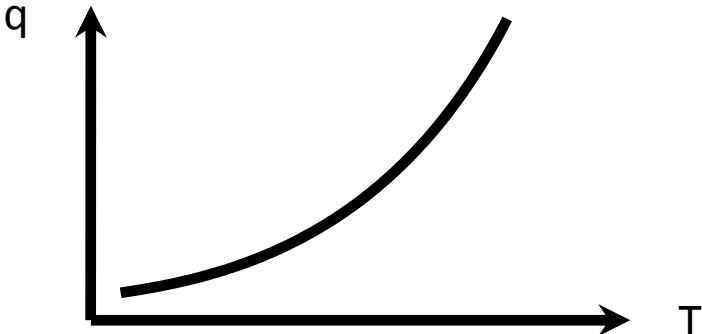
1) Surface albedo feedback



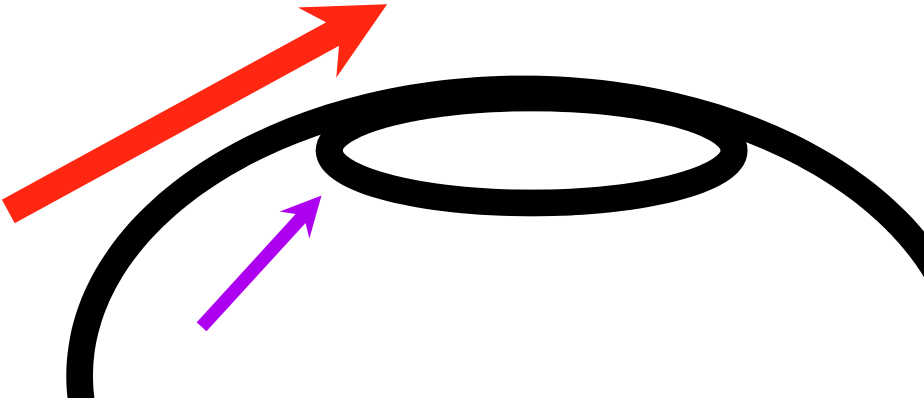
3) Cloud feedbacks



2) Water vapor feedback

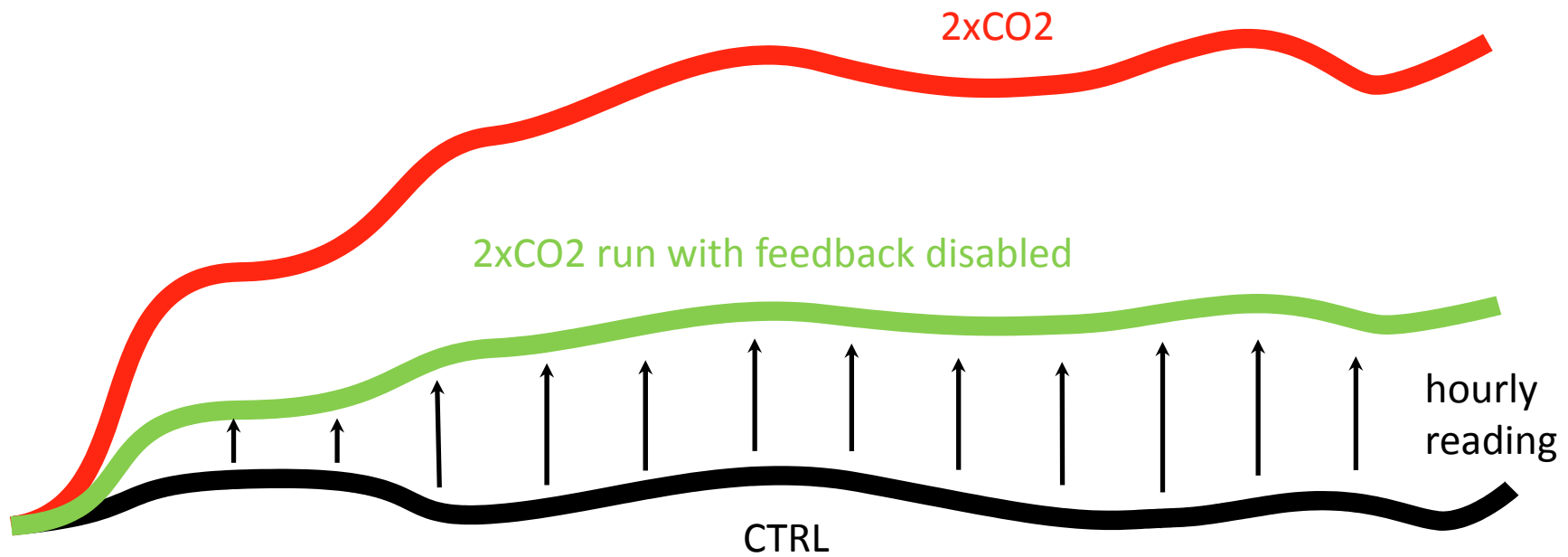


4) Circulation and lapse rate



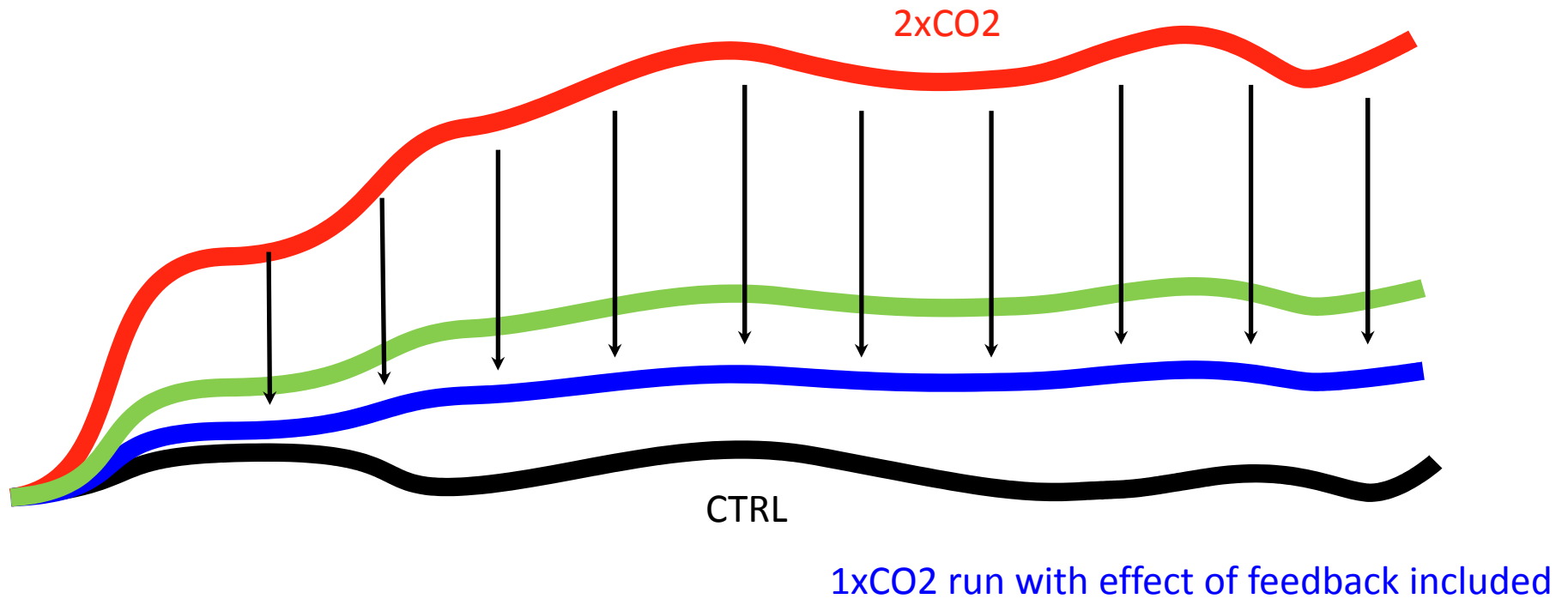
On-line locking of feedbacks

Feedbacks are disabled by reading in values from CTRL to the radiation code throughout the experiment



On-line locking of feedbacks

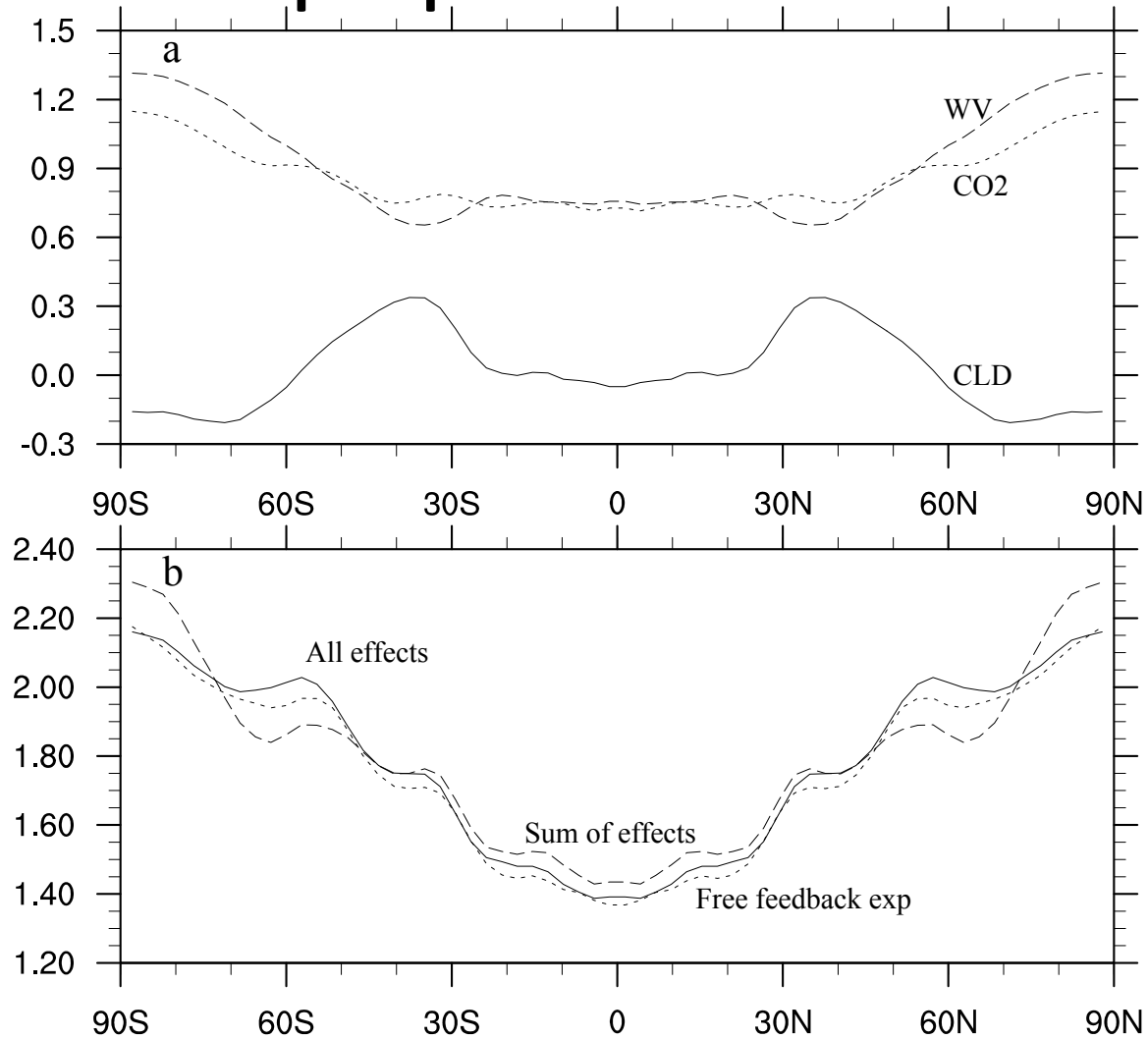
... and enabled by reading in values from 2xCO2



Zonal average warming in CAM3 aquaplanet

Atmosphere:
NCAR CAM3

Ocean:
Slab ocean
Aquaplanet
No sea ice

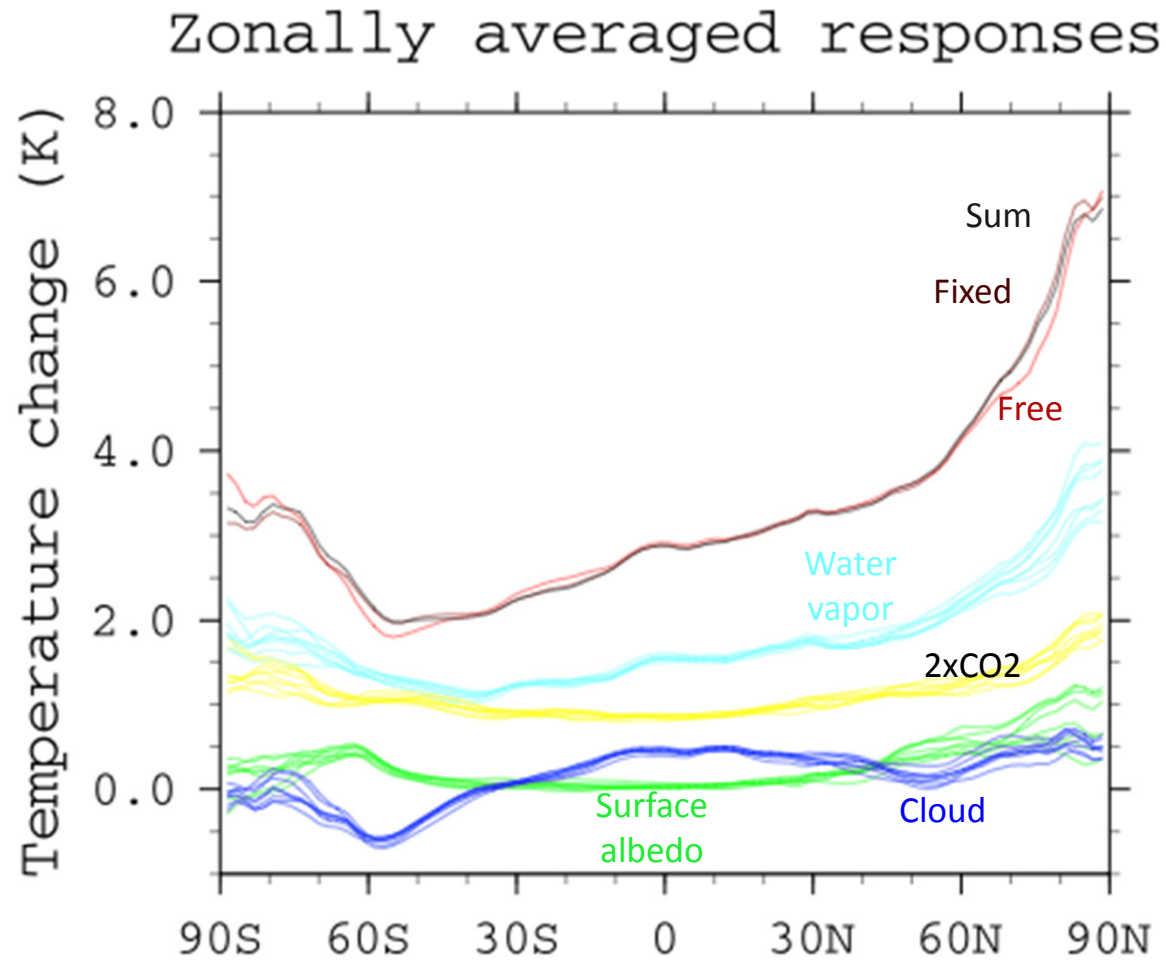


In ECHAM6

Atmosphere:
ECHAM 6.0

Ocean:
Slab ocean

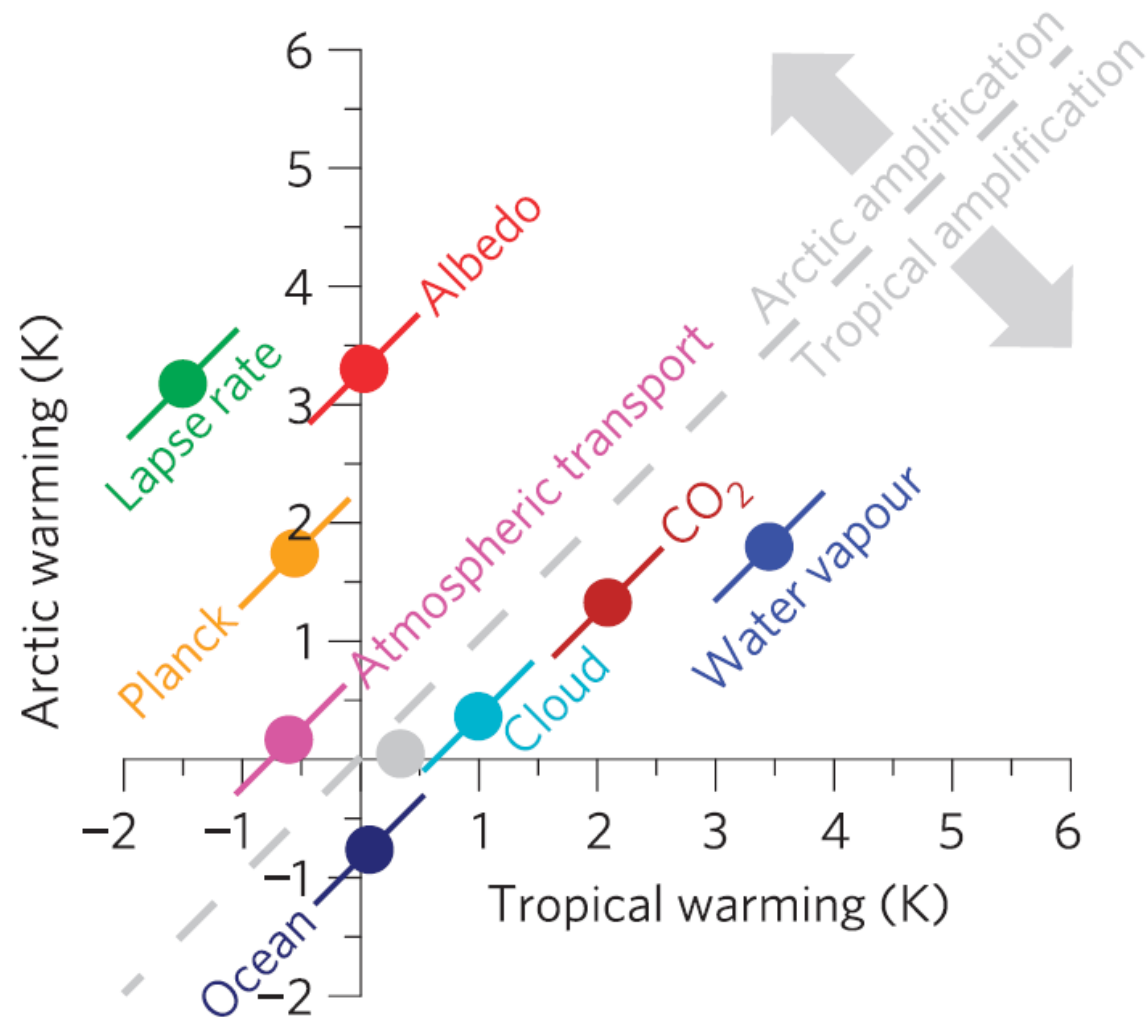
Resolution: T63L47



Mauritsen et al. (unpublished)

Using radiative kernel-approach on the CMIP5 ensemble

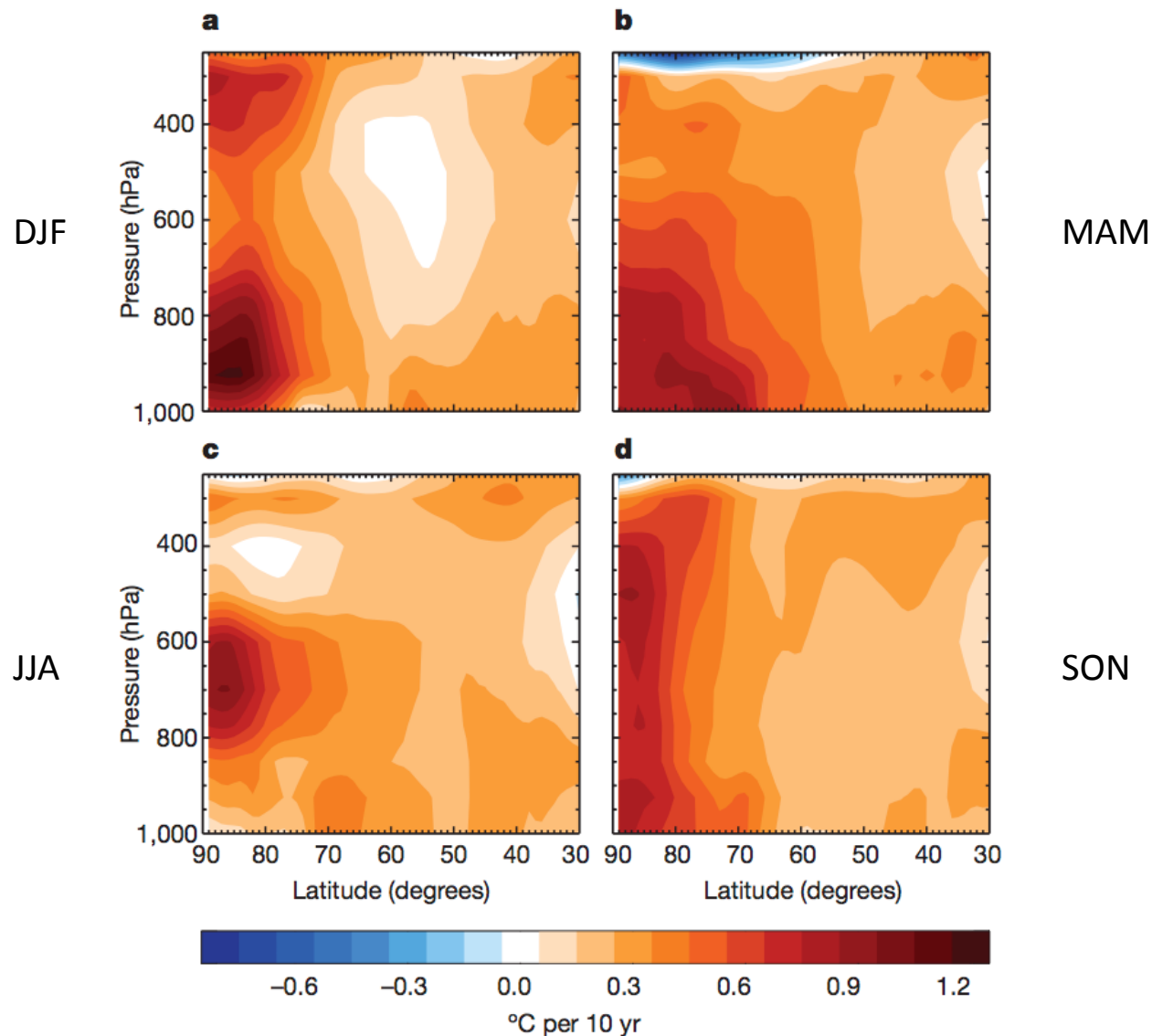
a Annual warming (TOA perspective)



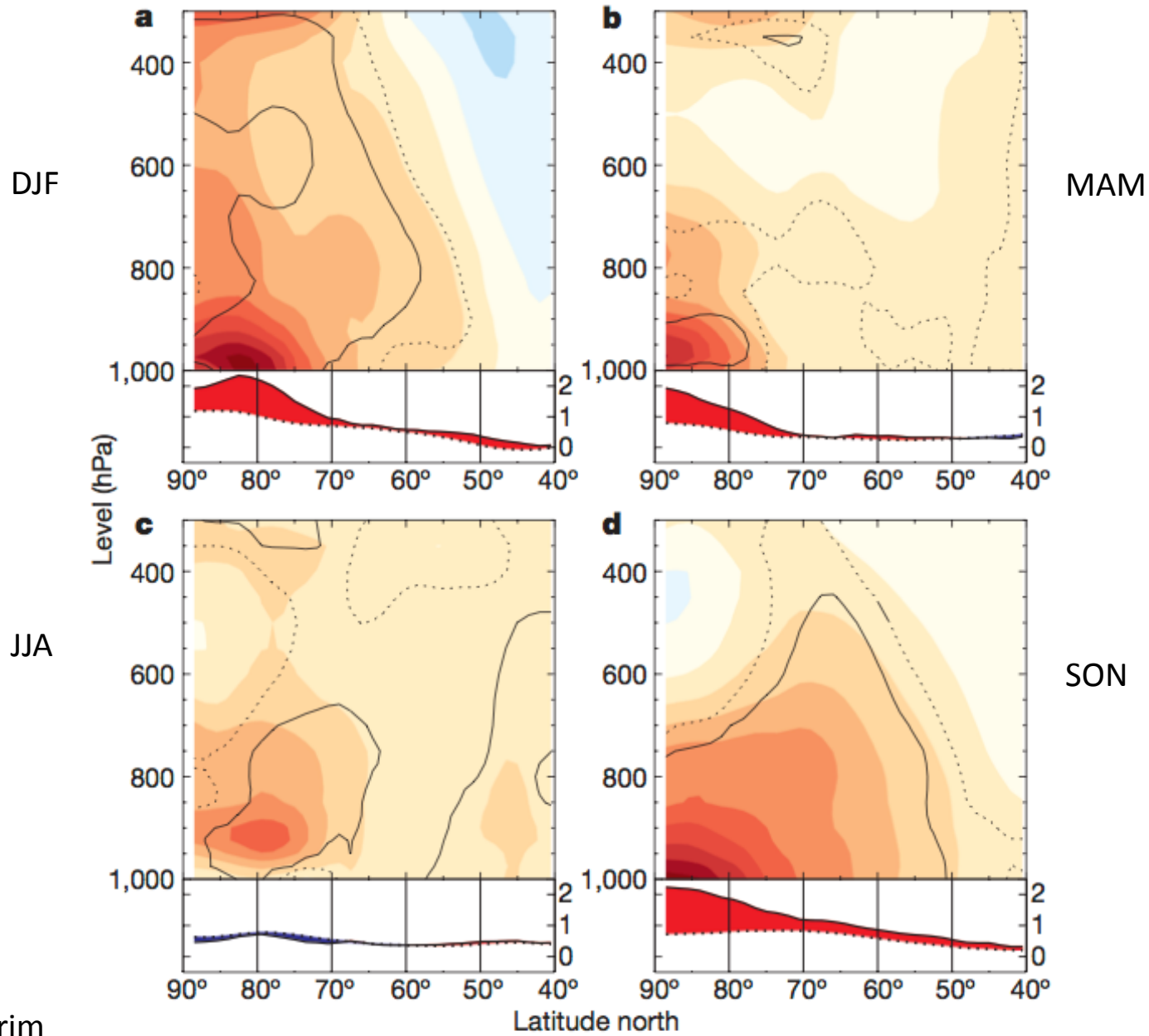
Overview

- Mechanisms and feedbacks
- Disentangling the relative roles of the feedbacks
- **Local or remote controls on Arctic warming**

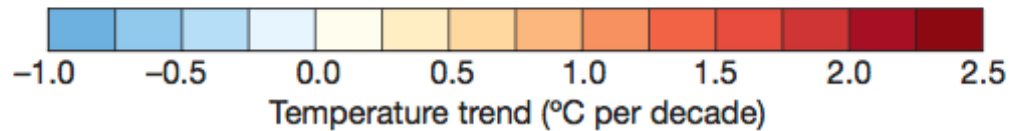
Vertical structure of recent Arctic warming



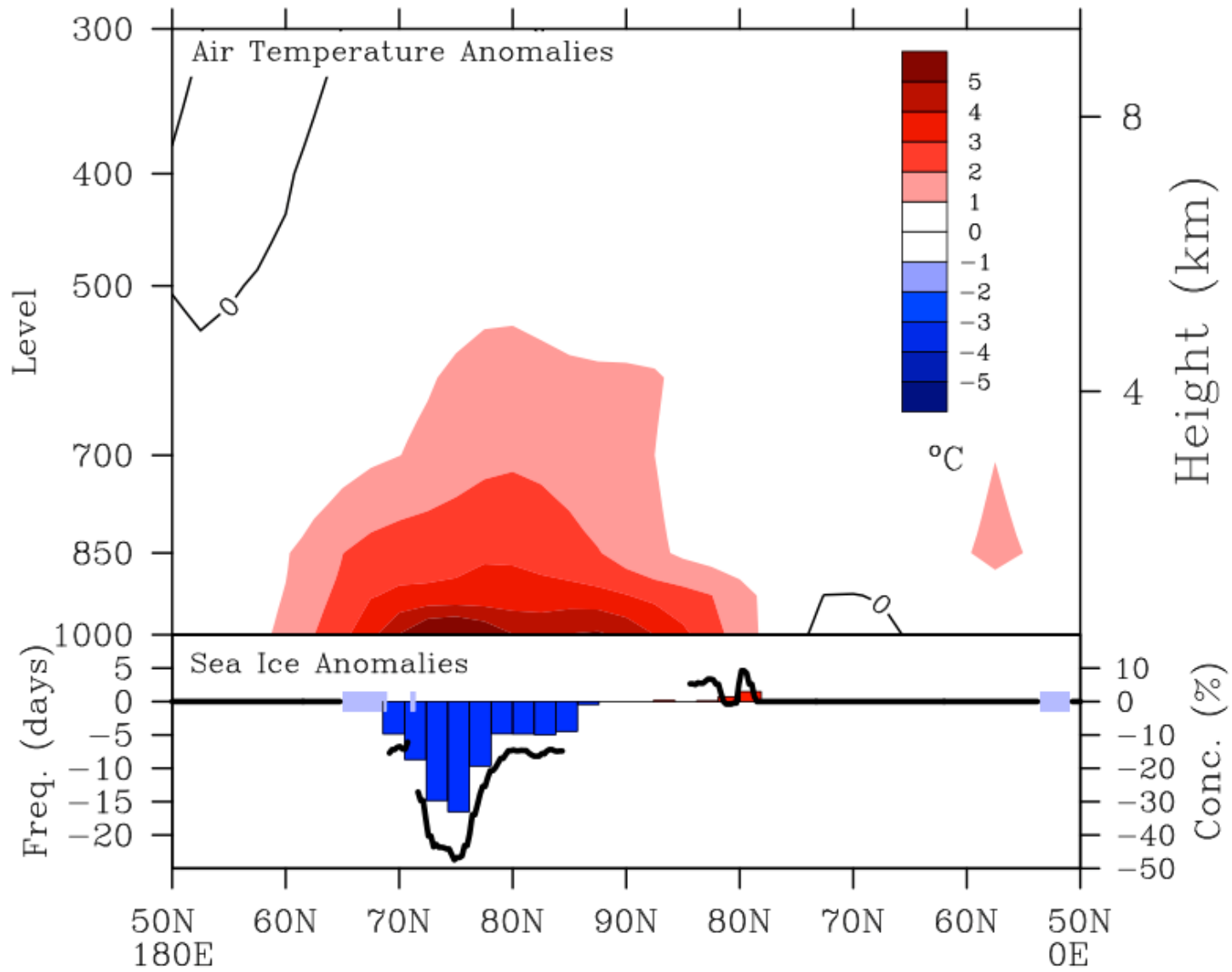
ERA 40 1979-
2001



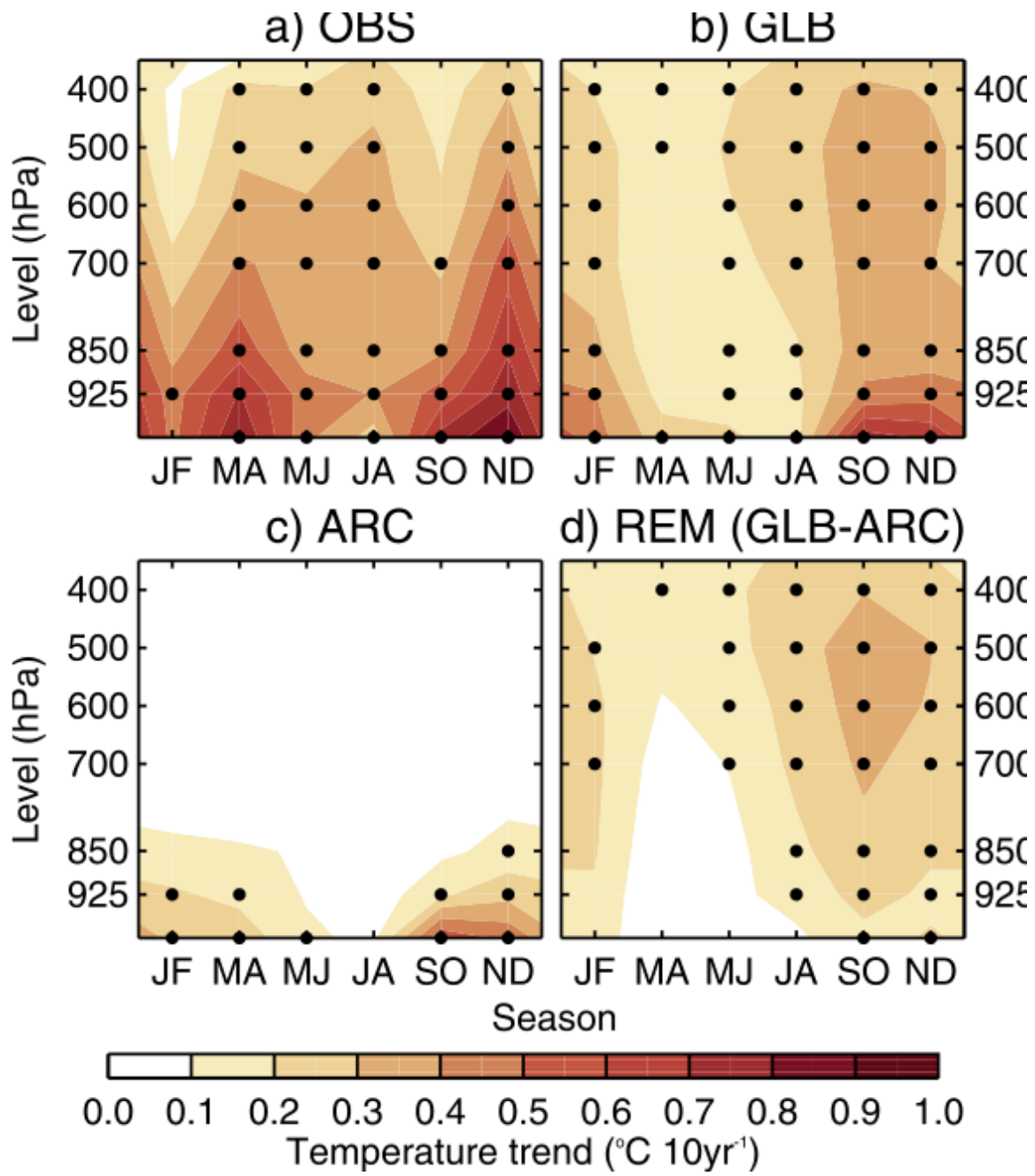
ERA-Interim
1989-2008



Screen and Simmonds (*Nature*, 2010)



NCEP Sep-Nov 2003–2007, relative to 1979–2007 means



Local and remote forcing of Arctic climate change under CO₂ doubling

Local

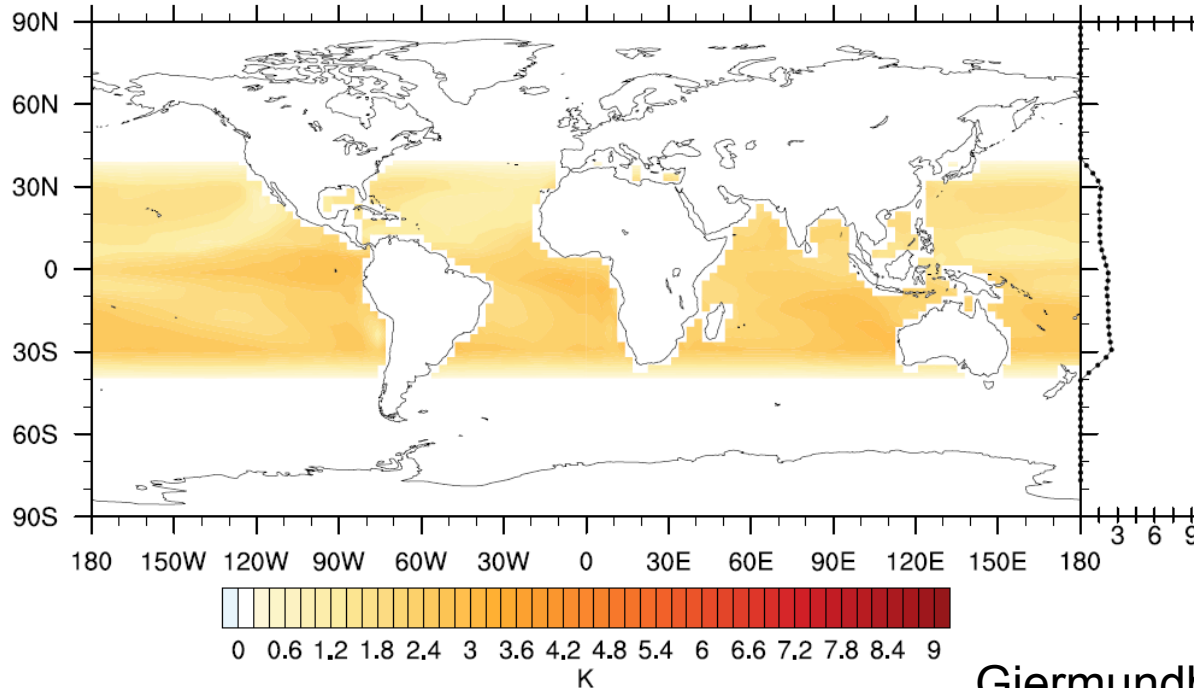
- No sea surface temperature change at low latitudes.
- 2xCO₂ in atmosphere

Response in Arctic is due to change in CO₂

Remote

- 2xCO₂ climate sea surface temperature change at low latitudes.
- 1xCO₂ in atmosphere

Response in Arctic is due to change in low-latitude temperatures

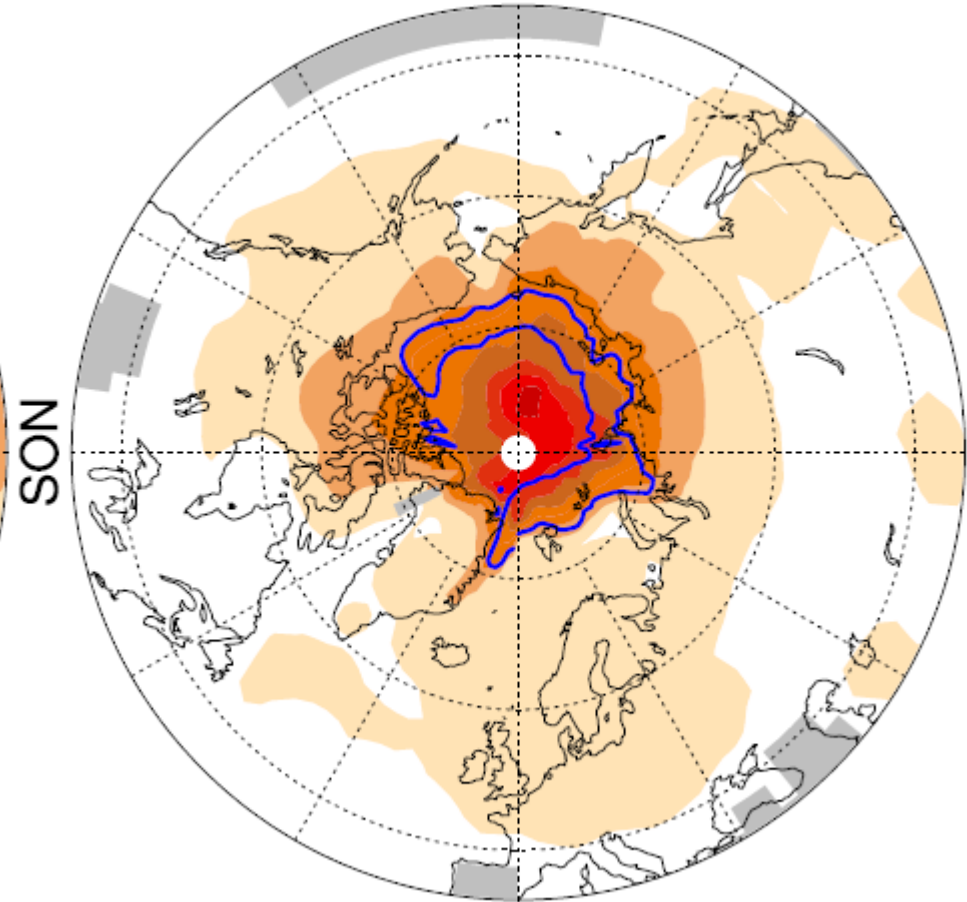
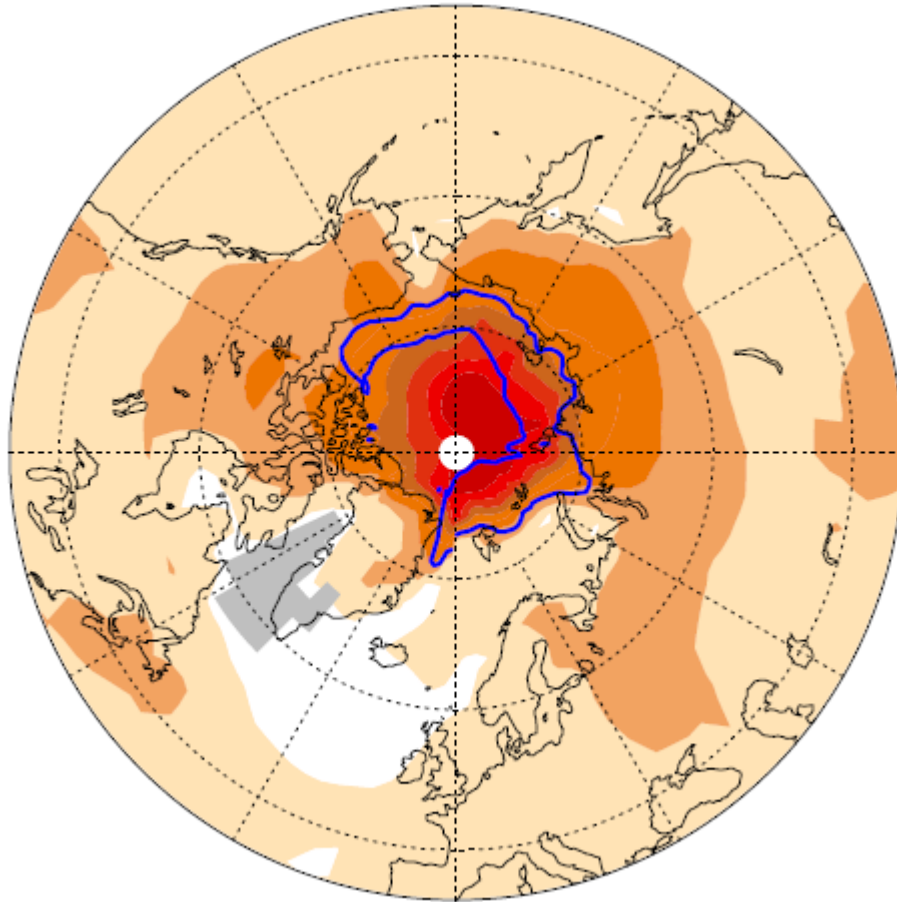


Gjermundbo and Langen (in prep)

Fall warming

Remote

Local



SON

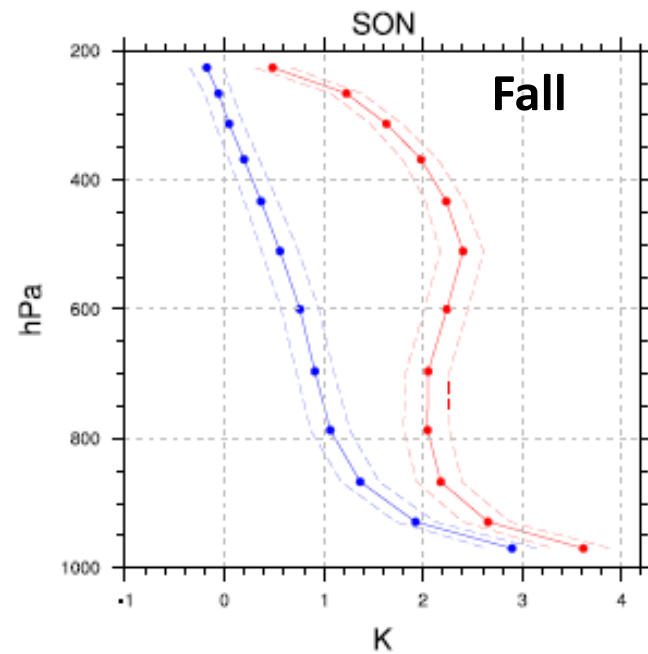
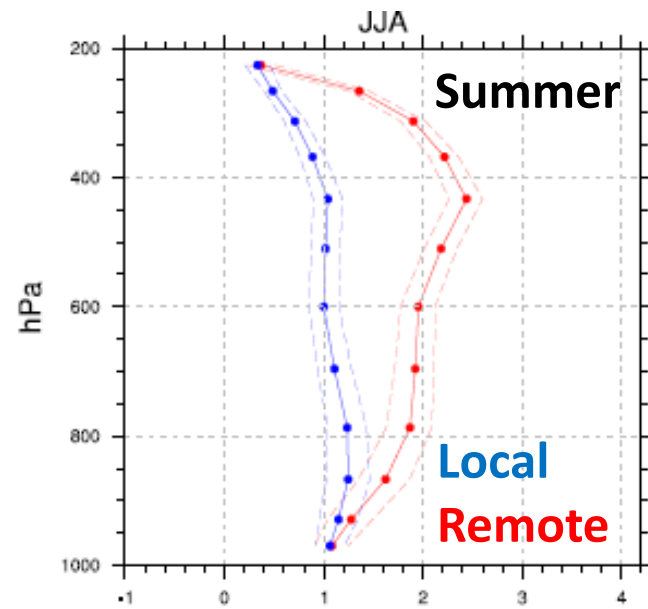


-1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

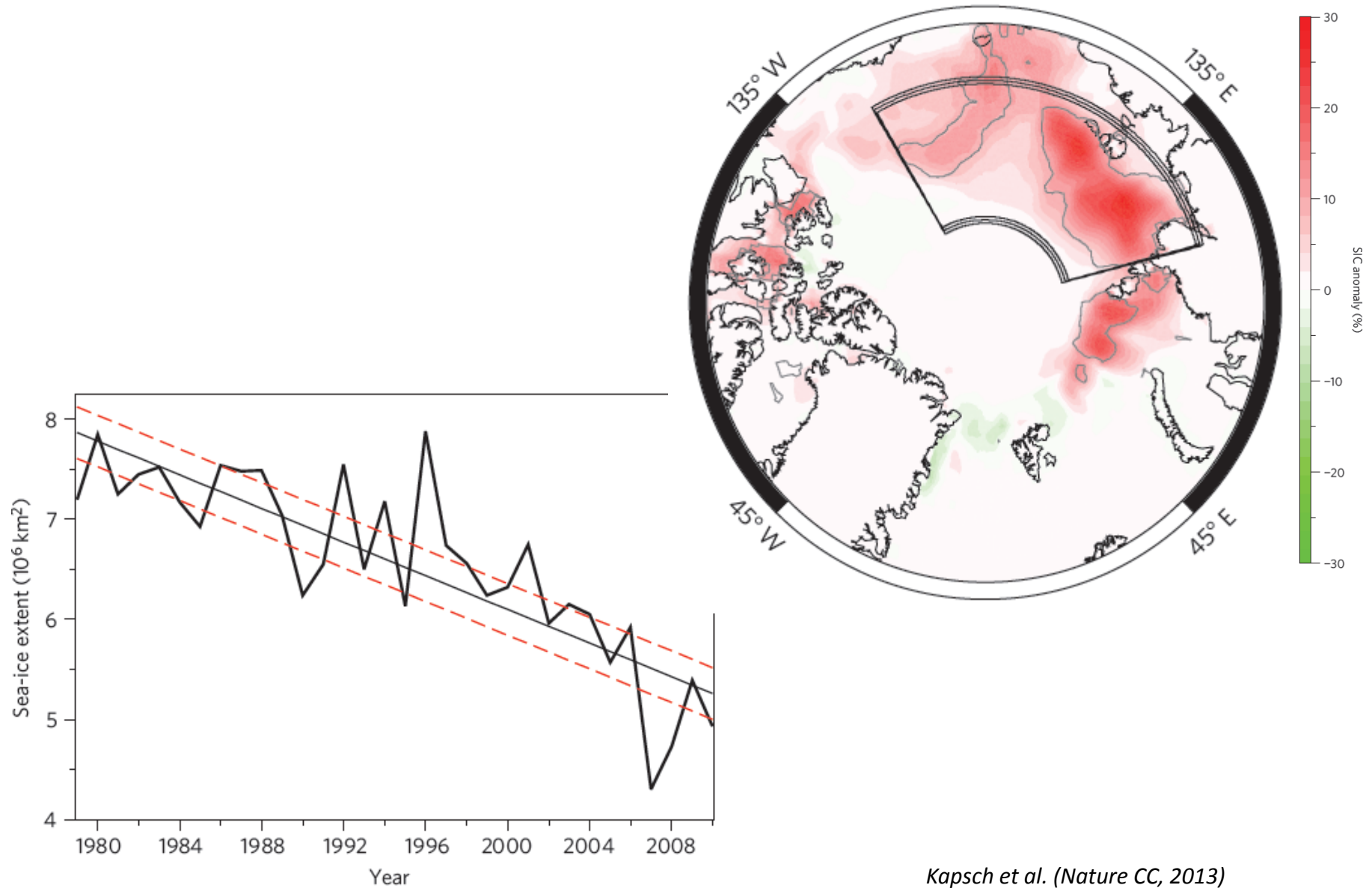
K

Gjermundbo and Langen (in prep)

Warming in the Arctic atmosphere



Non-local influence on sea ice evolution in low-ice years



Kapsch et al. (Nature CC, 2013)
ERA-Interim 1979-2007

Non-local influence on sea ice evolution in low-ice years

